Economic Research, Mexico

Remittances – Downward surprise in September, extending the streak of volatility

- Remittances (September): US\$5,358.7 million; Banorte: US\$5,872.6mn; consensus:
 US\$5,950.0mn (range: US\$5,200.0mn to US\$6,493.0mn); previous: US\$6,087.3mn
- Flows contracted 4.6% y/y, moderating strongly vs. the previous month. Considering this, the accumulated amount in the last 12 months reached US\$64,614.0 million
- The decline was explained by a reduction in the number of operations, now at 13.8 million (-0.9% y/y), along with a moderation in the average amount per transaction to US\$388.31 (-3.8% y/y)
- Sequentially, inflows fell 7.5%, facing a challenging base effect, but consistent with increased volatility that has characterized performance in recent months. Overall, employment conditions of Mexican migrants in the US improved after mostly negative moves in July and August
- Remittances will likely continue to be driven by the resilience of the US labor market in the remainder of the year, with election results being a key catalyst for subsequent months

Remittances back to negative territory in the year-over-year comparison in September. The amount received reached US\$5,358.7 million, well below consensus (US\$5,950.0 million) and our estimate (US\$5,872.6 million). The seasonal pattern in the period is somewhat mixed, which we believe is partly due to differences between the start of school cycles in Mexico and in the US. With this result, accumulated remittances in the last twelve months reached US\$64.6 billion (+3.0% y/y). It is worth noting that the US economy showed mixed signs during the month. Industrial production fell 0.3% m/m, with manufacturing down 0.4%, albeit with both facing challenging comparisons. In construction, housing starts (-0.5%) and building permits (-2.9%) retreated after strong gains. On consumption, personal spending rose 0.5%, with the control group for retail sales at +0.7%, surprising to the upside. Finally, headline inflation grew 0.2% m/m, slightly higher than anticipated, but with the annual comparison lower, to 2.4%.

Contractions in operations and a moderation in the average amount sent. The number of transactions came in at 13.8 million (previous: 15.0 million), a decline of 0.9% y/y (previous: +8.2%). On the other hand, the average amount per transaction was US\$388.31 (previous: US\$407.06), which implies -3.8% y/y, back in contraction after the previous month's advance (+1.0%). The results are quite surprising given that we expected some support from the level of the Mexican peso, although since it did not show a variation as substantial as in August, the push was probably more limited.

Contraction in the sequential comparison, with increased volatility. Using seasonally adjusted figures, remittances fell 7.5% m/m after a 12.1% expansion in the previous month. We highlight increased volatility in the last four months. It should be noted that this materialized despite more favorable labor market conditions for Mexican migrants in the US. For the total working-age population in said country, non-farm payrolls picked up +223 thousand, improving at the margin, with the unemployment rate down by 10bps to 4.1%. The same metric for Hispanics and Latinos fell to 5.1% from 5.5%. The move in the rate for Mexican migrants was larger, to 4.9% from 5.7%. Specifically, the working age population in the latter group –including 'natives', 'non-native citizens', and 'non-citizens' (legal and illegal)— expanded by 11.6k, with employed persons increasing by 171.2k and those unemployed declining by 160.7k.

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Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA Executive Director of Economic Research and Market Strategy juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com



Francisco José Flores Serrano Director of Economic Research, Mexico francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com



Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez Senior Economist, Mexico yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com



Cintia Gisela Nava Roa Senior Economist, Mexico cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com



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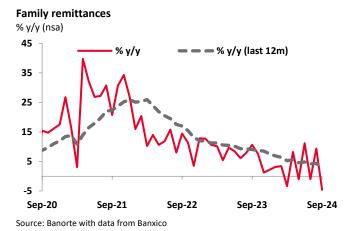
Winners of the award as the best economic forecasters in Mexico by *LSEG* in 2023

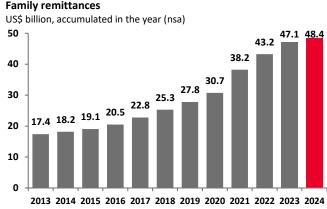


Best Forecaster Economic Indicators for Mexico 2023

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Source: Banorte with data from Banxico

Dynamism will continue for the rest of the year, with the outcome of next week's elections key to performance going forward. The results of today's US employment report –with job creation at 12 thousand (with a notable distortion from hurricanes in the period) and the unemployment rate at 4.1%—are consistent with a slowdown in activity, albeit quite moderate. Considering this, our call remains positive for the next months. In addition, we will be watching the start of monetary easing and if it begins to have a positive impact on key sectors, such as construction. On the other hand, the Mexican peso has remained weak vs. the USD in recent months, which could continue encouraging migrants to send more resources as it represents greater purchasing power in Mexico.

In addition, we will be keeping a close eye on remittances in the run-up to, but especially after, the US election. The outcome will likely be a watershed for their trend. Specifically, we believe that flows could accelerate strongly if Trump wins considering his proposals, such as: (1) Declaring certain countries as 'unfriendly' or hostile to deport their citizens in an expeditious manner; (2) using the military in immigration actions; and (3) eliminating the status of 'sanctuary cities', just to name a few. In the event of a Kamala Harris victory, we think the results could be like in recent history, much more tied to the economic situation of the country.

In this regard, we maintain our full-year estimate range between US\$66.5 and US\$67.5 billion, albeit with the risk of being higher in a Trump victory. By 2025 growth will continue, albeit with the annual pace of growth likely more moderate if Harris wins given our call of a slowdown in the pace of expansion of US GDP, but also with an upward bias if Trump does.



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Directory Research and Strategy



Raquel Vázquez Godinez Assistant raquel.vazquez@banorte.com (55) 1670 – 2967



María Fernanda Vargas Santoyo Analyst maria.vargas.santoyo@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2586





Juan Carlos Alderete Macal, CFA
Executive Director of Economic Research and
Market Strategy
juan.alderete.macal@banorte.com
(55) 1103 - 4046



Yazmín Selene Pérez Enríquez Senior Economist, Mexico yazmin.perez.enriquez@banorte.com (55) 5268 - 1694





Santiago Leal Singer Director of Market Strategy santiago.leal@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1751



Carlos Hernández García Senior Strategist, Equity carlos.hernandez.garcia@banorte.com (55) 1670 – 2250



Marcos Saúl García Hernandez Analyst, Fixed Income, FX and Commodities marcos.garcia.hernandez@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2296



Ana Gabriela Martínez Mosqueda Strategist, Equity ana.martinez.mosqueda@banorte.com (55) 5261 - 4882

Quantitative Analysis



Alejandro Cervantes Llamas Executive Director of Quantitative Analysis alejandro.cervantes@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2972



José De Jesús Ramírez Martínez Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis jose.ramirez.martinez@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000



Andrea Muñoz Sánchez Strategist, Quantitative Analysis andrea.muñoz.sanchez@banorte.com (55) 1105 - 1430



Alejandro Padilla Santana Chief Economist and Head of Research alejandro.padilla@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4043



Itzel Martínez Rojas Analyst itzel.martinez.rojas@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2251



Lourdes Calvo Fernández Analyst (Edition) lourdes.calvo@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2611



Francisco José Flores Serrano
Director of Economic Research, Mexico
francisco.flores.serrano@banorte.com
(55) 1670 - 2957



Cintia Gisela Nava Roa Senior Economist, Mexico cintia.nava.roa@banorte.com (55) 1105 - 1438



Marissa Garza Ostos Director of Equity Strategy marissa.garza@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1719



Hugo Armando Gómez Solís Senior Analyst, Corporate Debt hugoa.gomez@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2247



Gerardo Daniel Valle Trujillo Analyst, Corporate Debt gerardo.valle.trujillo@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2248



Paula Lozoya Valadez Analyst, Equity paula.lozoya.valadez@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2060



José Luis García Casales Director of Quantitative Analysis jose.garcia.casales@banorte.com (55) 8510 - 4608



Daniel Sebastián Sosa Aguilar Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis daniel.sosa@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2124



Katia Celina Goya Ostos Director of Economic Research, Global katia.goya@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1821



Luis Leopoldo López Salinas Economist, Global luis.lopez.salinas@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 2707



Víctor Hugo Cortes Castro Senior Strategist, Technical victorh.cortes@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 1800



Leslie Thalía Orozco Vélez Senior Strategist, Fixed Income and FX leslie.orozco.velez@banorte.com (55) 5268 - 1698



Juan Carlos Mercado Garduño Strategist, Equity juan.mercado.garduno@banorte.com (55) 1103 - 4000 x 1746



Miguel Alejandro Calvo Domínguez Senior Analyst, Quantitative Analysis miguel.calvo@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2220



Jazmin Daniela Cuautencos Mora Strategist, Quantitative Analysis jazmin.cuautencos.mora@banorte.com (55) 1670 - 2904

